



## ME 201 ADVANCED CALCULUS

### Assignment 9: Vector Fields March 16, 2018

1. Calculate the following vector field quantities:

(a)  $\nabla f$  if  $f(x, y, z) = (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{-1/2}$

ANSWER:  $\nabla f = -\frac{x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k}}{(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{3/2}}$

(b)  $\nabla \cdot \vec{F}$  if  $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = 2xe^y\hat{i} + 3x^2z\hat{j} - 2x^2yz\hat{k}$

ANSWER:  $\nabla \cdot \vec{F} = 2(e^y - x^2y)$

(c)  $\nabla \cdot \vec{F}$  if  $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = \frac{x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + \hat{k}}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}$

ANSWER:  $\nabla \cdot \vec{F} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}}$

(d)  $\nabla \times \vec{F}$  if  $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = x^2z\hat{i} + 12xyz\hat{j} + 32y^2z^4\hat{k}$

ANSWER:  $\nabla \times \vec{F} = (64yz^4 - 12xy)\hat{i} + x^2\hat{j} + 12yz\hat{k}$

(e)  $\nabla \times \vec{F}$  at  $(2, 0)$  if  $\vec{F}(x, y) = y\hat{i} - x\hat{j}$

ANSWER:  $\nabla \times \vec{F} = -2\hat{k}$

2. Given the potential function  $\phi(x, y)$  where  $\phi = -K \ln \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$  with  $x > 0, y > 0$  and  $K = \text{constant}$ :

(a) Determine the gradient,  $\nabla \phi$  and calculate the divergence of the gradient,  $\nabla \cdot \nabla \phi$ .

(b) Show that  $\nabla^2 \phi = 0$

Hint:  $\nabla = \hat{i} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \hat{j} \frac{\partial}{\partial y}$  for this problem